



Characteristics:

General Description:

The single channel DIN Rail Temperature Signal Converter and Trip Amplifier D1073S accepts a low level dc signal from millivolt, thermocouple or RTD temperature sensor, located in Hazardous Area, and converts, with isolation, the signal to drive a Safe Area load. Output signal can be direct or reverse.

Two independent Alarm Trip Amplifiers are also provided. Each alarm energizes, or de-energizes, an SPST relay for high, low, low-startup or burnout alarm functions. The two alarm relays trip points are settable over the entire input signal range. Function:

1 channel I.S. input from mV, thermocouples, 3-4 wires resistance thermometers, transmitting potentiometers, provides 3 port isolation (input/output/supply) and current (source mode) or voltage output signal.

The programmable RTD line resistance compensation allows the use of 2 wires RTDs or error compensation for 3-4 wires RTDs. Reference junction compensation can be automatic, with option 91, or fixed by software setting.

In addition it provides two SPST relay alarm contacts with adjustable alarm trip point. Signalling LEDs:

Power supply indication (green), burnout (red), alarm A (red), alarm B (red) Configurability:

Totally software configurable, no jumpers or switches, input sensor, connection mode, burnout operation, mA or V output signal, alarm trip point, high, low, low-startup or burnout alarm mode, NE/ND relay operation, hysteresis, delay time, by GM Pocket Portable Configurator PPC1090, powered by the unit or configured by PC via RS-232 serial line with PPC1092 Adapter and SWC1090 Configurator software. A 16 characters tag can be inserted using SWC1090 Configurator software. To operate PPC1090 or PPC1092 refer to instruction manual.

EMC: Fully compliant with CE marking applicable requirements.

Front Panel and Features:

1 2 3 4	 SIL 2 according to IEC 61508:2010 (Route 2H) for analog current source output
	for analog current source output Tproof = 3 / 10 years (≤10% / >10 % of total SIF).
	 SIL 2 according to IEC 61508:2010 (Route 2H)
5 6 7 8	for 1oo2 alarm trip amplifiers (with NE relay condition) Tproof = 4 / 10 years (≤10% / >10 % of total SIF).
	 SC2 : Systematic Capability SIL2.
	 Input from Zone 0 (Zone 20), Division 1, installation in Zone 2, Division 2.
	 mV, thermocouples, RTD or
	transmitting potentiometers Input Signal.
	 Programmable RTD line resistance compensation.
	 Reference Junction Compensation automatic or fixed (programmable value).
	 0/4-20 mA, 0/1-5 V, 0/2-10 V
	Output Signal temperature linear or reverse.
	 16 characters tag.
	 Two independent trip amplifiers.
	 Output for burnout detection.
A B B	 Common burnout detection available when using Power Bus enclosure.
	 High Accuracy, µP controlled A/D converter.
	 Three port isolation, Input/Output/Supply.
	 EMC Compatibility to EN61000-6-2, EN61000-6-4.
D1073	 Fully programmable operating parameters.
	 ATEX, IECEx, UL & C-UL, FM & FM-C, INMETRO, EAC-EX, UKR TR n. 898, TÜV Certifications.
	 TÜV Functional Safety Certification.
	 Type Approval Certificate DNV and KR for maritime applications.
13 14 15 16	 Simplified installation using standard DIN Rail and plug-in terminal blocks.
	 250 Vrms (Um) max. voltage allowed to the
	instruments associated with the barrier.

Ordering Information:

Model:	D1073S			Power Bus a DIN-Rail acc
Power Bus enclosure		/B		DIN rail anch
Ref. Junction Compensator (TC input) OPT1091				DIN rail stop Terminal block Terminal block

and cessories: hor MCHP065 oper MOR016 k male MOR017 ck female MOR022

Operating parameters are programmable by the GM Pocket Portable Configurator PPC1090 or via RS-232 serial line with PPC1092 Adapter and SWC1090 Configurator software. If the parameters are provided with the purchasing order the unit will be configured accordingly, otherwise the unit will be supplied with default parameters. NOTE: for thermocouple sensor input, the Reference Junction Compensator is required for automatic ambient temperature compensation. It has to be ordered as OPT1091, it will be supplied separately and it has to be connected to the input terminal blocks as indicated in the function diagram.

SIL 2 Temperature Signal Converter and Trip Amplifiers DIN-Rail Model D1073S

Technical Data:

Supply: 24 Vdc nom (20 to 30 Vdc) reverse polarity protected, ripple within voltage limits ≤ 5 Vpp. *Current consumption* @ 24 V: 65 mA with 20 mA output and relays energized typical. *Power dissipation*: 1.5 W with 24 V supply, 20 mA output and relays energized typical. *Max. power consumption*: at 30 V supply voltage, overload condition, relays energized and PPC1090 connected, 2.1 W. Isolation (Test Voltage): 1.S. In/Outs 1.5 KV; Analog Out/Supply 500 V; Analog Out/Alarm Outs 1.5 KV; Analog Out/Supply 500 V; Analog Out/Alarm Outs 1.5 KV; Alarm Outs/Supply 1.5 KV; Alarm Out/Alarm Out 1.5 KV; Input: millivolt or thermocouple type A1, A2, A3, B, E, J, K, L, Lr, N, R, S, S1, T, U or 3-4 wires RTD Pt100, Pt200, Pt300 to DIN43760, Pt100 (0.3916), Ni100, Ni120 or Pt500, Pt100, Pt50, Cu100, Cu53, Cu50, Cu46 (russian standard) or 3 wires transmitting potentiometer (50 Ω to 20 KΩ). *Integration time*: 500 ms. *Resolution*: 5 μV on mV or thermocouple, 1 μV thermocouple type B, R, S, S1, 2 μV thermocouple A1, A2, A3, 20 mΩ on RTD, 0.05 % on transmitting potentiometer. *Visualization*: 0.1 °C on temperature, 10 μV on mV, 0.1 % on potentiometer. *Input range*: within rated limits of sensor (-10 to + 80 mV). *Measuring RTD current*: ≤ 0.5 mA. *RTD line resistance compensation*: ≤ 10 Ω. Supply: 24 Vdc nom (20 to 30 Vdc) reverse polarity protected, **RTD** line resistance compensation: $\leq 10 \Omega$. **RTD** line resistance error compensation: $\leq 10 \Omega$. **RTD** line resistance error compensation: -5 to $+20 \Omega$, programmable. **Thermocouple Reference Junction Compensation:** automatic, by external sensor OPT1091 separately ordered, or fixed programmable from -60 to +100 °C. **Thermocouple burnout current:** ≤ 30 nA. Thermocouple burnout current: \leq 30 nA. Burnout: enabled or disabled. Analog output can be programmed to detect burnout condition with downscale or highscale forcing. Alarms can be programmed to detect burnout condition. Burnout condition signalled by red front panel LED. **Output:** 0/4 to 20 mA, on max. 600 Ω load source mode, current limited at 22 mA or 0/1 to 5 V or 0/2 to 10 V signal, limited at 11 V. **Resolution:** 2 μ A current output or 1 mV voltage output. **Transfer characteristic:** linear or reverse on mV or transmitting potentiometer, termoersture linear or reverse on temporature second temperature linear or reverse on temperature sensors. **Response time:** \leq 50 ms (10 to 90 % step change). **Output ripple:** \leq 20 mVrms on 250 Ω load.

 Output Trype: 2 ≥0 minits on ≥00 to food.

 Alarm:

 Trip point range: within rated limits of input sensor (see input for step resolution).

 ON-OFF delay time: 0 to 1000 s, 100 ms step, separate setting.

 Hysteresis: 0 to 5 °C for temperature sensor input, 0 to 50 mV for mV input,

 0 to 50 % for potentiometer input (see input for step resolution).

 Output: voltage free SPST relay contact.

 Contact rating: 2 A 250 Vac 500 VA, 2 A 250 Vdc 80 W (resistive load).

 Performance: Ref. Conditions 24 V supply, 250 Ω load, 23 ± 1 °C ambient temperature.

 Input: Calibration and linearity accuracy: ≤ ± 40 µV on mV or thermocouple,

 200 mΩ on RTD, 0.2 % on potentiometer or ± 0.05 % of input value.

 Temperature influence: ≤ ± 2 µV, 20 mΩ, 0.02 % or ± 0.01 % of input value for a 1 °C change.

 Ref. Junction Compensation influence: ≤ ± 1 °C (thermocouple sensor).

 Analog Output: Calibration accuracy: ≤ ± 0.1 % of full scale.

 Linearity error: ≤ ± 0.05 % of full scale.

 Supply voltage influence: ≤ ± 0.05 % of full scale for a min to max supply change.

 Load influence: ≤ ± 0.05 % of full scale for a 0 to 100 % load resistance change.

 Temperature influence: ≤ ± 0.01 % on zero and span for a 1 °C change.

 Compatibility:

 Alarm: Temperature influence: ≤ ± 0.01 % on zero and span for a 1 °C change. Compatibility: C E mark compliant, conforms to Directive: 2014/34/EU ATEX, 2014/30/EU EMC, 2014/35/EU LVD, 2011/65/EU RoHS. Environmental conditions: Operating: temperature limits -20 to + 60 °C, relative humidity max 90 % non condensing, up to 35 °C. Storage: temperature limits - 45 to + 80 °C. Safety Description: Solution of the second EA3C RU C-IT.HA67.B.00113/20 conforms to GOST 31610.0, GOST 31610.11, GOST 31610.15.
 CLI 16.0034 X conforms to ДСТУ 7113, ГОСТ 22782.5-78, ДСТУ IEC 60079-15.
 TUV Declaration of Compliance No. C-IS-722238330, SIL 2 according to IEC 61508:2010 Ed.2.
 SIL 3 Functional Safety TÜV Certificate conforms to IEC61508:2010 Ed.2, for Management of Functional Safety.
 DNV No. TAA00002BM and KR No.MIL20769-EL001 Cert. for maritime applications.
 Mounting: EN/IEC60715 TH 35 DIN-Rail.
 Weight: about 160 g.
 Connection: by polarized plug-in disconnect screw terminal blocks to accomodate terminations up to 2.5 mm².
 Location: Safe Area/Non Hazardous Locations or Zone 2, Group IIC T4, Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D Temperature Code T4 and Class I, Zone 2, Group IIC, IIB, IIA T4 installation.
 Protection class: IP 20.
 Dimensions: Width 22.5 mm, Depth 99 mm, Height 114.5 mm.

Dimensions: Width 22.5 mm, Depth 99 mm, Height 114.5 mm.

Parameters Table:

Safety Description	Maximum External Parameters			
	Group Cenelec	Co/Ca (µF)	Lo/La (mH)	Lo/Ro (μΗ/Ω)
Terminals 13-14-15-17 Uo/Voc = 10.8 V Io/Isc = 9 mA Po/Po = 24 mW	IIC IIB IIA I IIIC	2.134 14.994 65.994 58 14.994	468 1874 3749 6100 1874	1510 6050 12100 19850 6050

NOTE for USA and Canada:

IIC equal to Gas Groups A, B, C, D, E, F and G IIB equal to Gas Groups C, D, E, F and G IIA equal to Gas Groups D, E, F and G

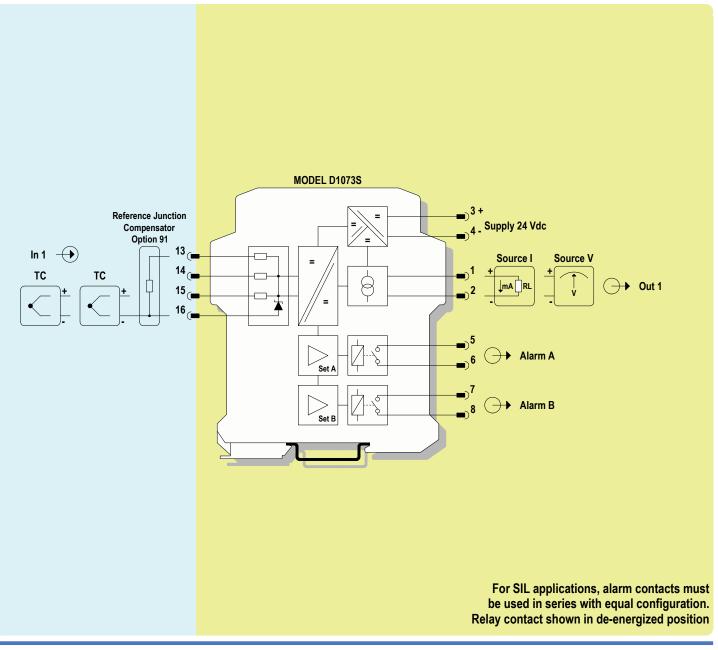
Image:

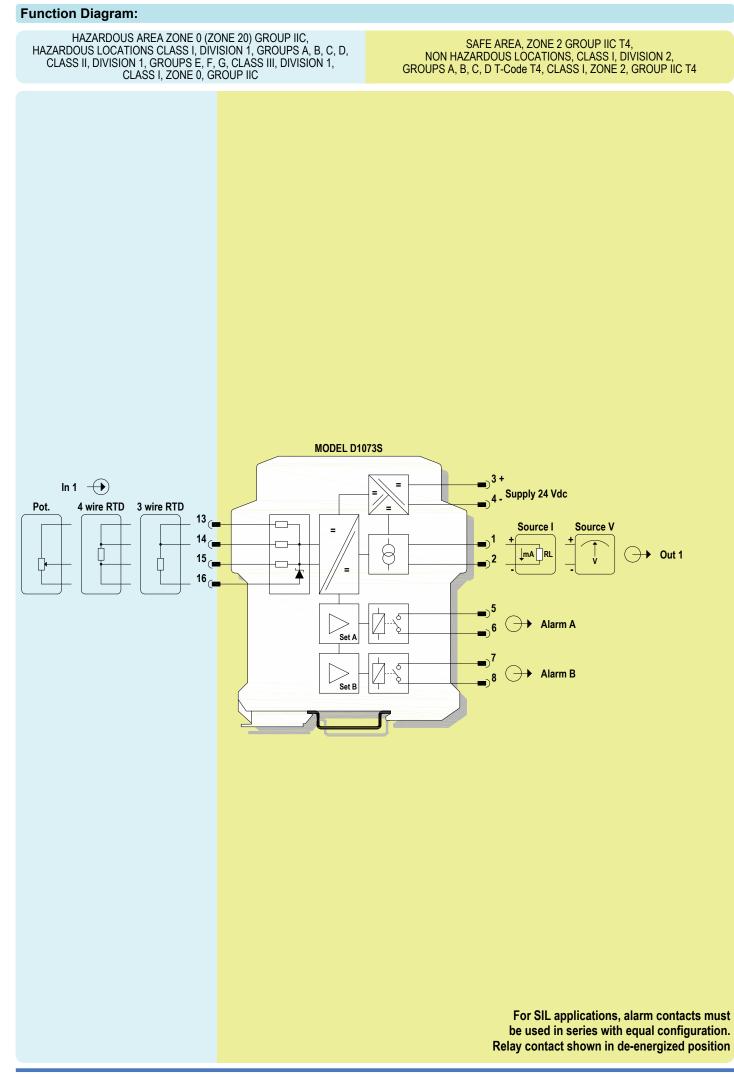


Function Diagram:

HAZARDOUS AREA ZONE 0 (ZONE 20) GROUP IIC, HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS CLASS I, DIVISION 1, GROUPS A, B, C, D, CLASS II, DIVISION 1, GROUPS E, F, G, CLASS III, DIVISION 1, CLASS I, ZONE 0, GROUP IIC

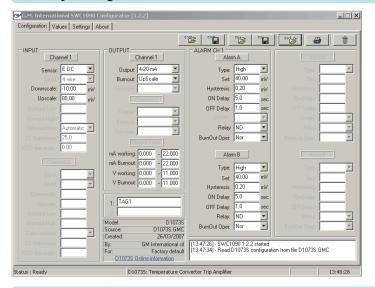
SAFE AREA, ZONE 2 GROUP IIC T4, NON HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS, CLASS I, DIVISION 2, GROUPS A, B, C, D T-Code T4, CLASS I, ZONE 2, GROUP IIC T4

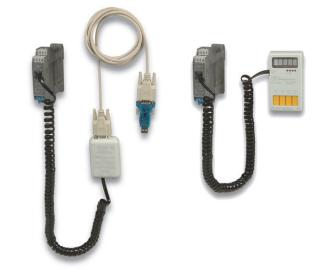




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Friendly Configuration with SWC1090 Software and PPC1092 Adapter or Pocket Portable Configurator PPC1090:





Configuration Parameters:

INPUT SECTION: Sensor: input sensor type C TC A1 thermocouple to STI90, GOST R8.585 2001 range from -10 to +2500 °C C TC A2 thermocouple to STI90, GOST R8.585 2001 range from -10 to +1800 °C thermocouple to STI90, GOST R8.585 2001 C TC A3 range from -10 to +1800 °C thermocouple to STI90, NBS125, GOST R8.585 2001 🗆 TC B range from +50 to +1800 °C 🗆 TC E thermocouple to STI90, NBS125, GOST R8.585 2001 range from -250 to +1000 °C thermocouple to STI90, NBS125, GOST R8.585 2001 🗆 TC J range from -200 to +750 °C thermocouple to STI90, NBS125, GOST R8.585 2001 C TC K range from -250 to +1350 °C 🗆 TC L thermocouple to SIPT68, DIN43710 range from -200 to +800 °C 🗆 TC Lr thermocouple to STI90, GOST R8.585 2001 range from -200 to +800 °C TC N thermocouple to STI90, NBS121, GOST R8.585 2001 range from -250 to +1300 °C C TC R thermocouple to STI90, NBS125, GOST R8.585 2001 range from -50 to +1750 °C TC S thermocouple to STI90, NBS125, GOST R8.585 2001 range from -50 to +1750 °C C TC S1 thermocouple type S1 to SIPT68, russian range from -50 to +1600 °C 🗆 TC T thermocouple to STI90, NBS125, GOST R8.585 2001 range from -250 to +400 °C thermocouple to SIPT68, DIN43710 range from -200 to +400 °C Pt 100 thermoresistance α =385 to SIPT68, IEC751 range from –200 to +850 °C thermoresistance α =385 to SIPT68, IEC751 range from -150 to +400 °C Pt 200 thermoresistance α =385 to SIPT68, IEC751 range from –150 to +250 °C Pt 300 Pp 100 thermoresistance α =392 to SIPT68, ANSI range from –200 to +625 °C D Pi 500 thermoresistance α =391 to SIPT68, russian range from –200 to +75 °C thermoresistance $\alpha\text{=}391$ to SIPT68, russian range from –200 to +650 $^\circ\text{C}$ Pi 100 🗆 Pi 50 thermoresistance α =391 to SIPT68, russian range from –200 to +650 °C thermoresistance to SIPT68, DIN43760 range from -50 to +180 °C 🗆 Ni 100 thermoresistance α =672 to SIPT68, russian range from -75 to +300 °C Ni 120 Cu 100 thermoresistance to SIPT68, russian range from -50 to +200 °C thermoresistance to SIPT68, russian range from -50 to +180 °C 🗆 Cu 53 thermoresistance to SIPT68, russian range from -50 to +200 °C 🗆 Cu 50 thermoresistance to SIPT68, russian range from -200 to +650 °C 🗆 Cu 46 Pot 3 wires transmitting potentiometer, 50 Ω to 20 K Ω , range from 0 to 100 % □ E DC millivolt signal range from -20 to +85 mV Lead: input sensor connection type (thermoresistance only) □ 3 wire 3 wires connection type 4 wire 4 wires connection type Downscale: input value of measuring range corresponding to defined low output value. Upscale: input value of measuring range corresponding to defined high output value. Cold Junction: reference junction compensation type (thermocouple only) ambient temperature compensation automatic by OPT1091 sensor Automatic

 Fixed programmable temperature compensation at fixed temperature CJ Reference: temperature compensation value (Cold Junction type Fixed only), range from -60 to +100 °C

RTD line resist: line resistance error compensation value (thermoresistance only), range from -5 to +20 Ω.

INPUT TAG SECTION:

1: channel tag

OUTPUT SECTION:

Output: analog output type

Output: analog output type			
🗆 4-20 mA	current output range from 4 to 20 mA (for SIL applications)		
🗆 0-20 mA	current output range from 0 to 20 mA		
🗆 1-5 V	voltage output range from 1 to 5 V		
🗆 0-5 V	voltage output range from 0 to 5 V		
2-10 V	voltage output range from 2 to 10 V		
🗆 0-10 V	voltage output range from 0 to 10 V		
Burnout: analog	output burnout state		
□ None	burnout function is disabled;		
	analog output represents the input measure as configured		
Downscale	analog output is forced at mA Burnout or V Burnout lower value		
Upscale	analog output is forced at mA Burnout or V Burnout higher value		
	current or voltage analog output normal working range limits or		
burnout detection			
	rrent analog output range in normal working condition.		
mA Burnout: cu	irrent analog output lower and higher value for burnout signalation.		
	ige analog output range in normal working condition.		
	age analog output lower and higher value for burnout signalation.		
ALARM SECTION			
Type: alarm type			
	alarm functionality is disabled		
High	alarm is set to high condition, the alarm output is triggered whenever		
	the input variable goes above the trip point value (Set)		
Low	alarm is set to low condition, the alarm output is triggered whenever		
	the input variable goes below the trip point value (Set)		
Low & Sec	alarm is set to low condition with start-up.		
	the alarm output is inhibited until the input variable goes above the		
	trip point value (Set); afterwards it behaves as a Low configuration;		
	typically used to solve start-up issues		
Burnout	a burnout condition of the input triggers the alarm output		
	of measuring range at which the alarm output is triggered		
	m hysteresis value,		
	5 °C for temperature sensor input; 0 to 50 mV for voltage input,		
	entiometer input.		
	for which the input variable has to be in alarm condition before the		
	iggered; configurable from 0 to 1000 seconds in steps of 100 ms.		
	for which the input variable has to be in normal condition before the		
	eactivated; configurable from 0 to 1000 seconds in steps of 100 ms.		
Relay: relay con			
	the relay is in normally de-energized condition,		
	it energizes (the output contact is closed) in alarm condition		
O NE	the relay is in normally energized condition (for SIL applications),		
Dura Out Out	it de-energizes (the output contact is opened) in alarm condition		
	alarm status when a burnout condition is detected		
Nor	the burnout detection on the alarm output is disabled,		
	the alarm follows the condition of the input variable		
	maintain the same alarm condition as before the burnout detection		

the alarm condition is activated when a burnout is detected

the alarm condition is deactivated when a burnout is detected

Each alarm output has independent configurations.

🗆 On

□ Off