

Warning

D5072 series are isolated Intrinsically Safe Associated Apparatus located in Non Hazardous Locations or Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D, Temperature Code T4 and Class I, Zone 2, Group IIC, IIB, IIA Temperature Code T4 Hazardous Locations (according to FM3600, FM3610, FM3611, ANSI/ISA 60079-0, ANSI/ISA 60079-11, ANSI/ISA 60079-15, ANSI/ISA 61241-0, ANSI/ISA 61241-11, CSA-C22.2 NO. 157, CSA-C22.2 NO. 213, CSA-C22.2 NO. 60079-0, CSA-C22.2 NO. 60079-11, CSA-C22.2 NO. 60079-15) within the specified operating temperature limits Tamb -40 to +70 °C, and connected to equipment with a maximum limit for AC power supply Um of 250 Vrms.

When installed in Class I, Division 2 or Class I, Zone 2 Hazardous Locations, the module must be mounted in supplemental enclosure meeting at least IP54 degree protection. Not to be connected to control equipment that uses or generates more than 250 Vrms or Vdc with respect to earth ground.

D5072 series must be installed, operated and maintained only by qualified personnel, in accordance to the relevant national/international installation standards (e.g. ANSI/ISA RP12.06.01 Installation of Intrinsically Safe System for Hazardous (Classified) Locations, National Electrical Code NEC ANSI/NFPA 70 Section 504 and 505, Canadian Electrical Code CEC) following the established installation rules, particular care shall be given to segregation and clear identification of I.S. conductors from non I.S. ones. De-energize power source (turn off power supply voltage) before plug or unplug the terminal blocks when installed in Hazardous Locations or unless area is known to be nonhazardous.

Warning: substitution of components may impair Intrinsic Safety and suitability for Division 2, Zone 2.

Explosion Hazard: to prevent ignition of flammable or combustible atmospheres, disconnect power before servicing or unless area is known to be nonhazardous.

The enclosure provides, according to EN60529, an IP20 minimum degree of mechanical protection (or similar to NEMA Standard 250 type 1) for indoor installation, outdoor installation requires an additional enclosure with higher degree of protection (i.e. IP54 to IP65 or NEMA type 12-13) consistent with the effective operating environment of the specific installation.

Units must be protected against dirt, dust, extreme mechanical (e.g. vibration, impact and shock) and thermal stress, and casual contacts.

If enclosure needs to be cleaned use only a cloth lightly moistened by a mixture of detergent in water.

Electrostatic Hazard: to avoid electrostatic hazard, the enclosure of D5072 must be cleaned only with a damp or antistatic cloth.

Any penetration of cleaning liquid must be avoided to prevent damage to the unit.

Failure to properly install or use of the equipment may risk to damage the unit or severe personal injury.

The unit cannot be repaired by the end user and must be returned to the manufacturer or his authorized representative. Any unauthorized modification must be avoided.

If calibration requires the use of an adjustable power supply, current meter, or voltmeter, it should be only be performed when the area is known to be nonhazardous or with equipment suitable for the area classification.

Technical Data

Supply: 24 Vdc nom (18 to 30 Vdc) reverse polarity protected, ripple within voltage limits ≤ 5 Vpp, 2 A time lag fuse internally protected.

Current consumption @ 24 V: 60 mA for 2 channels D5072D, 40 mA for 1 channel D5072S with 20 mA output typical.

Power dissipation: 1.25 W for 2 channels D5072D, 0.85 W for 1 channel D5072S with 24 V supply voltage and 20 mA output typical.

Isolation (Test Voltage): I.S. In/Out 2.5 KV; I.S. In/Supply 2.5 KV; I.S. In/I.S. In 500 V; Out/Supply 500 V; Out/Out 500 V.

Input: millivolt or thermocouple type A1, A2, A3, B, E, J, K, L, XK (L), N, R, S, T, U, or 2-3-4 wire RTD Pt50, Pt100, Pt200, Pt300, Pt400, Pt500, Pt1000 to IEC, Pt100 to ANSI (0.3916), Ni100, Ni120 to DIN43760, Pt46, Pt50, Pt100, Pt200, Pt300, Pt400, Pt500, Cu46, Cu50, Cu53, Cu100 to GOST6651 (russian standard) and Cu9.035 (or Cu10), or 3 wire transmitting potentiometer (100 Ω to 4 k Ω). 4 wire RTD input only for D5072S.

Integration time: 500 ms.

Resolution: 1 μ V on mV or thermocouple, 5 m Ω on RTD, 0.02 % on transmitting pot.

Visualization: 0.1 °C on temperature, 10 μ V on mV, 0.1 % on potentiometer.

Input range: within rated limits of sensor (-10 to +80 mV).

Measuring RTD current: ≤ 0.15 mA.

2 wire RTD line resistance compensation: ≤ 20 Ω .

Thermocouple Reference Junction Compensation: by internal compensator or fixed, programmable from -40 to +70 °C.

Thermocouple burnout current: ≤ 50 μ A.

Burnout: enabled or disabled. Analog output can be programmed to detect burnout condition with downscale or highscale forcing. Burnout condition signaled by red front panel LED for each channel.

Output: 4 to 20 mA, on max. 300 Ω load source mode, current limited at 21.5 mA. In sink mode, external voltage generator range is V min. 3.5V at 0 Ω load and V max. 30V. If generator voltage Vg > 10 V, a series resistance $\geq (Vg - 10)/0.0215$ Ω is needed. The maximum value of series resistance is $(Vg - 3.5)/0.0215$ Ω .

Resolution: 1 μ A current output.

Transfer characteristic: linear, direct or reverse on mV or transmitting potentiometer, temperature linear or reverse on temperature sensors.

Response time: ≤ 20 ms (10 to 90 % step).

Output ripple: ≤ 20 mVrms on 250 Ω load.

Alarm: Trip point range: within rated limits of input sensor (see input step resolution).

ON-OFF delay time: 0 to 1000 s, 100 ms step.

Hysteresis: 0 to 100 °C for temperature sensor input, 0 to 50 mV for mV input, 0 to 50 % for potentiometer input (see input for step resolution).

Output: voltage free SPST photoMOS: 100 mA, 60 Vdc (≤ 1 V voltage drop).

Performance: Ref. Conditions 24 V supply, 250 Ω load, 23 ± 1 °C ambient temperature.

Input: Calibration and linearity accuracy: $\leq \pm 5$ μ V on mV or thermocouple, ± 40 m Ω on RTD (≤ 300 Ω @ 0°C) or ± 400 m Ω on RTD (> 300 Ω @ 0°C), ± 0.1 % on potentiometer.

Temperature influence: $\leq \pm 2$ μ V on mV or thermocouple, ± 20 m Ω on RTD (≤ 300 Ω @ 0°C) or ± 200 m Ω on RTD (> 300 Ω @ 0°C), ± 0.02 % on potentiometer for 1°C change.

Ref. Junction Compensation influence: $\leq \pm 1$ °C (thermocouple sensor).

Analog Output: Calibration accuracy: $\leq \pm 0.05$ % of full scale.

Linearity error: $\leq \pm 0.05$ % of full scale.

Supply voltage influence: $\leq \pm 0.02$ % of full scale for a min to max supply change.

Load influence: $\leq \pm 0.02$ % of full scale for a 0 to 100 % load resistance change.

Temperature influence: $\leq \pm 0.01$ % on zero and span for a 1 °C change.

Environmental conditions:

Operating: temperature limits -40 to +70 °C, relative humidity 95 %, up to 55 °C.

Storage: temperature limits -45 to +80 °C.

Safety Description:

for use in Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D, Temperature Code T4; Class I, Zone 2, AEx nA [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gc and CL I, ZN 2, Ex nA [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gc Hazardous Locations.

Provides intrinsically safe circuits for use in Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D; Class II, Division 1, Groups E, F, G; Class III, Division 1 and Class I, Zone 0, Group IIC Hazardous Locations.

D5072S: Uo/Voc = 7.2 V, Io/Isc = 23 mA, Po/Po = 40 mW, Ui/Vmax = 12.8 V, li/lmax = 28.7 mA, Ci = 0 nF, Li = 0 nH at terminals 7-8-9-10.

D5072D: Uo/Voc = 7.2 V, Io/Isc = 16 mA, Po/Po = 27 mW, Ui/Vmax = 12.8 V, Ci = 0 nF, Li = 0 nH at terminals 7-8-9, 10-11-12.

Um = 250 Vrms, -40 °C \leq Ta \leq 70 °C.

Approvals:

FM, FM-C according to FM3600, FM3610, FM3611, ANSI/ISA 60079-0, ANSI/ISA 60079-11, ANSI/ISA 60079-15, ANSI/ISA 61241-0, ANSI/ISA 61241-11, CSA-C22.2 NO. 157, CSA-C22.2 NO. 213, CSA-C22.2 NO. 60079-0, CSA-C22.2 NO. 60079-11, CSA-C22.2 NO. 60079-15

Mounting: T35 DIN-Rail according to EN50022, with or without Power Bus or on customized Termination Board.

Weight: about 145 g D5072D, 120 g D5072S.

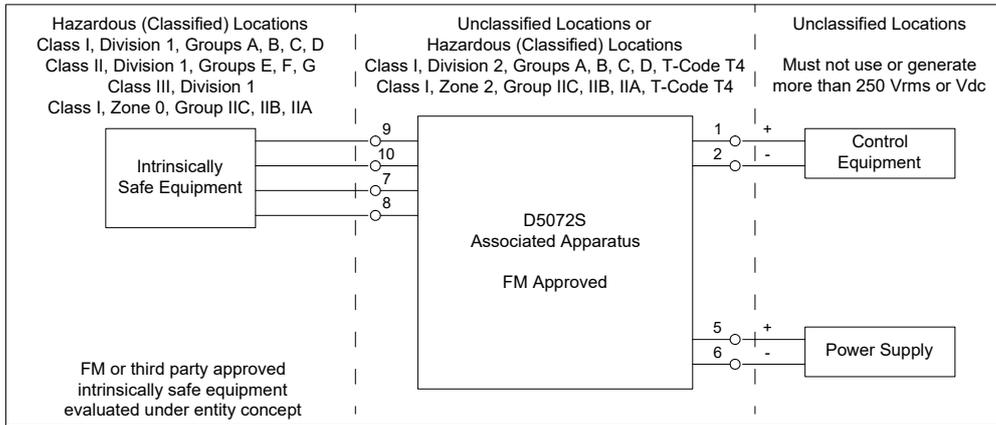
Connection: by polarized plug-in disconnect screw terminal blocks to accommodate terminations up to 2.5 mm².

Location: Non Hazardous Locations or Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D Temperature Code T4 and Class I, Zone 2, Group IIC, IIB, IIA T4 installation.

Protection class: IP 20.

Dimensions: Width 12.5 mm, Depth 123 mm, Height 120 mm.

D5072S: Connections for 2 or 3 or 4 wires Temperature Sensors



NOTE:

when installed in Class I, Division 2 or Class I, Zone 2 Hazardous Locations, the module must be mounted in supplemental enclosure meeting at least IP54 degree protection.

This associated apparatus may also be connected to simple apparatus as defined in Article 504.2 and installed and temperature classified in accordance with article 504.10(B) of the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA 70), or other local codes, as applicable.

Where multiple circuits extend from the same piece of associated apparatus, they must be installed in separate cables or in one cable having suitable insulation. Refer to Article 504.30(B) of the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA 70) and Instrument Society of America Recommended Practice ISA RP12.6 for installing intrinsically safe equipment.

This associated apparatus has not been evaluated for use in combination with another associated apparatus.

This associated apparatus provides galvanically isolated intrinsically safe circuits.

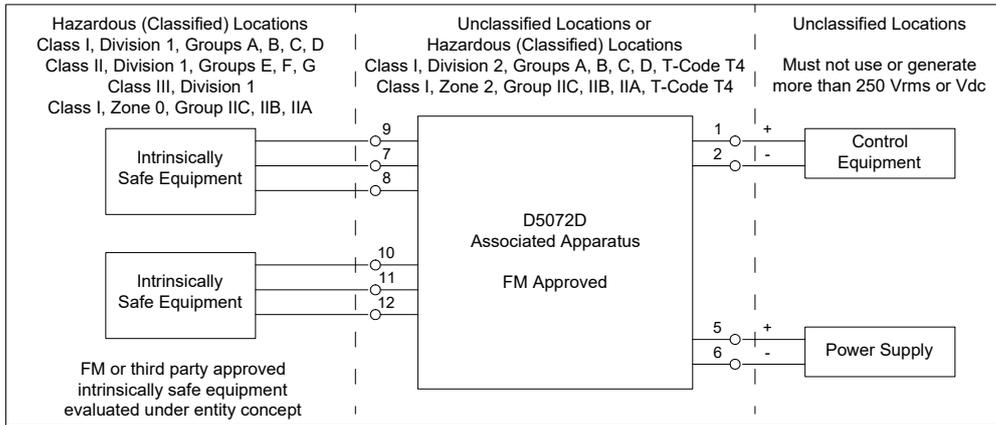
D5072S Terminals		Associated Apparatus Parameters	Must be	Hazardous Area/ Hazardous Locations Device Parameters
Ch1	7 - 8 - 9 - 10	$U_o / V_{oc} = 7.2 \text{ V}$	\leq	U_i / V_{max}
		$I_o / I_{sc} = 23 \text{ mA}$	\leq	I_i / I_{max}
		$P_o / P_o = 40 \text{ mW}$	\leq	P_i / P_i

The output current of this associated apparatus is limited by a resistor such that the output voltage-current plot is straight line drawn between open-circuit voltage and short-circuit current.

D5072S Terminals		Associated Apparatus Parameters	Must be	Hazardous Area/ Hazardous Locations Device Parameters
Ch1	7 - 8 - 9 - 10	$U_i / V_{max} = 12.8 \text{ V}$	\geq	U_o / V_{oc}
		$I_i / I_{max} = 28.7 \text{ mA}$	\geq	I_o / I_{sc}
		$C_i = 0 \text{ nF}$ $L_i = 0 \text{ nH}$		

D5072S Terminals		D5072S Associated Apparatus Parameters Zones (Divisions)		Must be	Hazardous Area/ Hazardous Locations Device + Cable Parameters
Ch1	7 - 8 - 9 - 10	$C_o / C_a = 13.5 \mu\text{F}$ $C_o / C_a = 240 \mu\text{F}$ $C_o / C_a = 1000 \mu\text{F}$ $C_o / C_a = 240 \mu\text{F}$	IIC (A, B) IIB (C) IIA (D) (E, F, G)	\geq	$C_i / C_i \text{ device} + C \text{ cable}$
		$L_o / L_a = 67.2 \text{ mH}$ $L_o / L_a = 268.8 \text{ mH}$ $L_o / L_a = 537.7 \text{ mH}$ $L_o / L_a = 268.8 \text{ mH}$	IIC (A, B) IIB (C) IIA (D) (E, F, G)	\geq	$L_i / L_i \text{ device} + L \text{ cable}$
		$L_o / R_o = 893 \mu\text{H}/\Omega$ $L_o / R_o = 3573 \mu\text{H}/\Omega$ $L_o / R_o = 7147 \mu\text{H}/\Omega$ $L_o / R_o = 3573 \mu\text{H}/\Omega$	IIC (A, B) IIB (C) IIA (D) (E, F, G)	\geq	$L_i / R_i \text{ device and}$ $L \text{ cable} / R \text{ cable}$

NOTE: for installations in which both the C_i and L_i of the Intrinsic Safe apparatus exceed 1 % of the C_o and L_o parameters of the Associated Apparatus (excluding the cable), then 50 % of C_o and L_o parameters are applicable and shall not be exceeded (50 % of the C_o and L_o become the limits which must include the cable such that $C_i \text{ device} + C \text{ cable} \leq 50 \% \text{ of } C_o$ and $L_i \text{ device} + L \text{ cable} \leq 50 \% \text{ of } L_o$). Capacitance and inductance of the field wiring from the intrinsically safe equipment to the associated apparatus shall be calculated and must be included in the system calculations as shown in the entity parameters table. If the cable parameters are unknown, the following may be used: Capacitance 60pF per foot (180pF per meter), Inductance 0.20μH per foot (0.60μH per meter).



NOTE:
when installed in Class I, Division 2 or Class I, Zone 2 Hazardous Locations, the module must be mounted in supplemental enclosure meeting at least IP54 degree protection.

This associated apparatus may also be connected to simple apparatus as defined in Article 504.2 and installed and temperature classified in accordance with article 504.10(B) of the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA 70), or other local codes, as applicable.

Where multiple circuits extend from the same piece of associated apparatus, they must be installed in separate cables or in one cable having suitable insulation. Refer to Article 504.30(B) of the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA 70) and Instrument Society of America Recommended Practice ISA RP12.6 for installing intrinsically safe equipment.

This associated apparatus has not been evaluated for use in combination with another associated apparatus.

This associated apparatus provides galvanically isolated intrinsically safe circuits.

D5072D Terminals		Associated Apparatus Parameters	Must be	Hazardous Area/ Hazardous Locations Device Parameters
Ch1	7 - 8- 9	$U_o / V_{oc} = 7.2 V$	\leq	U_i / V_{max}
		$I_o / I_{sc} = 16 mA$	\leq	I_i / I_{max}
Ch2	10 - 11 - 12	$P_o / P_o = 27 mW$	\leq	P_i / P_i

The output current of this associated apparatus is limited by a resistor such that the output voltage-current plot is straight line drawn between open-circuit voltage and short-circuit current.

D5072D Terminals		Associated Apparatus Parameters	Must be	Hazardous Area/ Hazardous Locations Device Parameters
Ch1	7 - 8- 9	$U_i / V_{max} = 12.8 V$	\geq	U_o / V_{oc}
			\geq	I_o / I_{sc}
Ch2	10 - 11 - 12	$C_i = 0 nF$ $L_i = 0 nH$		

D5072D Terminals		D5072D Associated Apparatus Parameters Zones (Divisions)		Must be	Hazardous Area/ Hazardous Locations Device + Cable
Ch1 Ch2	7 - 8- 9 10 - 11 - 12	$C_o / C_a = 13.5 \mu F$ $C_o / C_a = 240 \mu F$ $C_o / C_a = 1000 \mu F$ $C_o / C_a = 240 \mu F$	IIC (A, B) IIB (C) IIA (D) (E, F, G)	\geq	$C_i / C_i \text{ device} + C \text{ cable}$
		$L_o / L_a = 138 mH$ $L_o / L_a = 555 mH$ $L_o / L_a = 1111 mH$ $L_o / L_a = 555 mH$	IIC (A, B) IIB (C) IIA (D) (E, F, G)	\geq	$L_i / L_i \text{ device} + L \text{ cable}$
		$L_o / R_o = 893 \mu H/\Omega$ $L_o / R_o = 3573 \mu H/\Omega$ $L_o / R_o = 7147 \mu H/\Omega$ $L_o / R_o = 3573 \mu H/\Omega$	IIC (A, B) IIB (C) IIA (D) (E, F, G)	\geq	$L_i / R_i \text{ device and } L \text{ cable} / R \text{ cable}$

NOTE: for installations in which both the C_i and L_i of the Intrinsically Safe apparatus exceed 1 % of the C_o and L_o parameters of the Associated Apparatus (excluding the cable), then 50 % of C_o and L_o parameters are applicable and shall not be exceeded (50 % of the C_o and L_o become the limits which must include the cable such that $C_i \text{ device} + C \text{ cable} \leq 50 \% \text{ of } C_o$ and $L_i \text{ device} + L \text{ cable} \leq 50 \% \text{ of } L_o$). Capacitance and inductance of the field wiring from the intrinsically safe equipment to the associated apparatus shall be calculated and must be included in the system calculations as shown in the entity parameters table. If the cable parameters are unknown, the following may be used: Capacitance 60pF per foot (180pF per meter), Inductance 0.20μH per foot (0.60μH per meter).